

Date of update: 09.02.2023 Version: 2.0/EN

[In accordance with the criteria of Regulation No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: Zinc chloride water 45 % solution

Chemical name: zinc chloride Index number: 030-003-00-2

Registration number: substance exempted from registration according to article 2 p. 7d of REACH

regulation.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: for production of zinc-carbon batteries' electrolyte, for production of flux for

cleaning baths in hot galvanizing, for production of plant protection

chemicals (microelement), for production of fertilizers.

<u>Uses advises against:</u> not determined.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Recynk Sp. z o.o.

Address: 59-524 Pielgrzymka, Pielgrzymka 150a, Poland

Telephone/Fax: +48 76 877 51 09

E-mail address for a competent person responsible for sds: biuro@theta-doradztwo.pl

1.4 Emergency telephone number

112

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

STOT SE 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms and signal words







DANGER

Hazard statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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Precautionary statements

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a properly labeled containers emptied

by an authorized company in accordance with national regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

The substance does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH Regulation. The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, or in the list of substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 (3) or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1 % by weight.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

CAS number: 7646-85-7	zinc chloride	
EC number: 231-592-0	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Aquatic Acute 1 H400, Aquatic	
Index number: 030-003-00-2	Chronic 1 H410 (M=1)	45 %
Registration number:	specific concentration limit:	
01-2119472431-44-XXXX	STOT SE 3 H335	

Full text of each relevant H phrase is given in section 16 of SDS.

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Skin contact: take off contaminated clothing. Contaminated parts of the skin wash with plenty of water and soap. Apply a sterile dressing. Consult a doctor immediately.

<u>Eye contact</u>: contact an ophthalmologist immediately. Rinse contaminated eyes thoroughly with water for 10-15 minutes. Avoid strong stream of water – risk of damage of the cornea. Protect non-irritated eye, remove contact lenses. Apply a sterile dressing.

<u>Ingestion:</u> do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical advice immediately, show label or container.

Inhalation: remove the victim to fresh air. Keep warm and calm. Consult a doctor, if disturbing symptoms occur.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye contact: irritation, redness, tearing, burning sensation, burns, the risk of loss of sight.

Skin contact: irritation, redness, burns, necrosis.

Ingestion: burns of mouth, throat, esophagus, risk of perforation of stomach, burns of esophagus.

Inhalation: irritation of respiratory system.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Physician makes a decision regarding further medical treatment after thoroughly examination of the injured.



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Section 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

<u>Suitable extinguishing media:</u> dry powder, carbon dioxide, water fog. Adjust firefighting measures to the surrounding burning materials

<u>Unsuitable extinguishing media:</u> strong stream of water.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During combustion harmful compounds may be produced, e.g. hydrogen chloride, chlorine oxides. Do not inhale combustion products, it may cause health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

The product is non-flammable. Personal protection typical in case of fire. Do not stay in the fire zone without self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing resistant to chemicals. Do not let extinguishing media to reach drainage system. Collect used extinguishing agents.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Limit the access for the outsiders into the breakdown area, until the suitable cleaning operations are completed. Ensure that effects of the breakdown are removed only by qualified personnel. Avoid eyes and skin contact. Avoid vapours inhalation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective clothing.

6.2 Environmental precautions

In case of release of large amounts of the product, it is necessary to take appropriate steps to prevent it from spreading into the environment. Notify relevant emergency services.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect spilled material using liquid binding, non-flammable materials (eg. sand, diatomaceus earth) and place it in correctly labelled containers. Treat collected material as waste. Clean the contaminated area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Appropriate conduct with waste product – section 13. Personal protection equipment – section 8.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handle in accordance with good occupational hygiene and safety practices. Avoid eyes and skin contact. Avoid vapours inhalation. Before break and after work wash hands. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the product in a dry, cool place in original packaging. Do not store together with food, animal feed and drinking water. Do not store with incompatible materials (see subsection 10.5).

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information about uses other than mentioned in subsection 1.2.



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Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Substance has no occupational exposure limit values established on the European Union level. (Legal Basis: Commission Directive 2006/15/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2009/161/EC, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU). Please check any national occupational exposure limit values in your country.

DNEL-values

DNEL	zinc chloride [CAS 7646-85-7]	
	worker	consumer
inhalation, long-term exposition, systemic effects	1 mg/m³	1,25 mg/m ³
dermal, long-term exposition, systemic effects	8,3 mg/kg b.w./day	8,3 mg/kg b.w./day
oral, long-term exposition, systemic effects	-	0,83 mg/kg b.w./day

PNEC-values

PNEC	zinc chloride [CAS 7646-85-7]	
freshwater	20,6 μg/l	
freshwater – sediment	117,8 mg/kg dry weight	
marine water	6,1 μg/l	
marine water – sediment	56,5 mg/kg dry weight	
soil	35,6 mg/kg dry weight	
STP	100 μg/l	

8.2 Exposure controls

Observe good occupational hygiene and safety practices. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Avoid eyes and skin contamination. Avoid vapours inhalation. Ensure adequate general and/or local ventilation at the workplace. Safety showers and eyewashes should be installed in the vicinity of a workplace.

Hand and body protection

Wear protective gloves. Kind, thickness and breakthrough of gloves select at the workplace individually. Gloves made of nitrile rubber with effectiveness level ≥ 3 are recommended. Wear protective clothing.

The material that the gloves are made of must be impenetrable and resistant to the product's effects. The selection of material must be performed with consideration of breakthrough time, penetration speed and degradation. Moreover, the selection of proper gloves depends not only on the material, but also on other quality features and changes depending on the manufacturer. The producer should provide detailed information regarding the exact breakthrough time. This information should be followed.

Eye protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles.

Respiratory protection

In case of the formation of vapours and aerosols, use absorbing equipment or absorbing and filtering equipment with a suitable protection class (class 1/ protection against vapours with a concentration in the air volume not exceeding 0.1 %, class 2/ protection against vapours with a concentration in the air not exceeding 0.5 %, class 3/ protect against vapours at concentrations in the air volume to 1 %). In cases where the oxygen concentration is \leq 19 % and / or maximum concentration of toxic substances in the air is \geq 1.0 % by volume, isolating equipment should be used.

Personal protective equipment must meet requirements of regulation 2016/425/EU. Employer is obliged to ensure equipment adequate to activities carried out, with quality demands, cleaning and maintenance.

Thermal hazard

Not applicable.



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Environmental exposure controls

Avoid environment contamination, do not empty into drains. Possible emissions from the ventilation systems and processing equipment should be controlled in order to determinate their compatibility with environmental protection regulations.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: liquid

Colour: colourless or light yellow

Odour: odourless
Melting point/freezing point: 315-326 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range: not determined

Flammability: non-flammable product

Lower and upper explosion limit: not determined

Flash point: not determined, non-flammable product

Auto-ignition temperature: not determined Decomposition temperature: not determined

pH: 2-4

Kinematic viscosity:

Solubility:

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):

Vapour pressure:

Density and/or relative density:

Relative vapour density:

Particle characteristics:

not determined

1,48 - 1,50 g/cm³

not determined

not determined

not applicable

9.2 Other informationNo additional test results.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product is reactive. Does not undergo hazardous polymerization. See also subsections 10.3 and 10.5

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions of handling and storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions are not known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

High temperature.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers, zinc pulver, potassium.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Not known.



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Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

LD₅₀ (oral, rat) 350 mg/kg (data for 100 % substance)

Source: Food Research. Vol. 7, Pg. 313, 1942

Harmful if swallowed.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 (3) or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1 % by weight.

Other information

Not known.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

zinc chloride [CAS 7646-85-7]

toxicity to crustaceans EC₅₀

1,97 mg/l/48h

Source: Muyssen, B.T.A., and C.R. Janssen 2001. Multigeneration Zinc Acclimation and Tolerance in Daphnia magna: Implications for Water-Quality Guidelines and Ecological Risk Assessment. Environ.Toxicol.Chem. 20(9):2053-2060; Muyssen, B.T.A., C.R. Janssen, and B.T.A. Bossuyt 2002. Tolerance and Acclimation to Zinc of Field-Collected Daphnia magna Populations. Aquat.Toxicol. 56(2):69-79



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toxicity to fish LC₅₀

3,36 mg/l/96h

Source: Buhl, K.J., and S.J. Hamilton 1996. Toxicity of Inorganic Contaminants, Individually and in Environmental Mixtures, to Three Endangered Fishes (Colorado Squawfish, Bonytail, and Razorback Sucker). Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 30(1):84-92; Hedtke, J.L., E. Robinson-Wilson, and L.J. Weber 1982. Influence of Body Size and Developmental Stage of Coho Salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch) on Lethality of Several Toxicants. Fundam.Appl.Toxicol. 2:67-72

The substance is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

The substance is hydrolyzed in water.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is not expected.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility of the substance depends on its hydrophilic and hydrophobic properties and biotic and abiotic conditions of soil, including its structure, climatic conditions, seasons and soil organisms.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substance does not meet criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH Regulation.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 (3) or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.

12.7 Other adverse effects

This product has no influence on the global warming or the ozone layer depletion.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Disposal methods for the substance:</u> do not dispose of with household waste. Do not empty into drains. Disposal in accordance with the local legislation. Waste code should be assigned in place of formation.

<u>Disposal methods for used packing:</u> reuse/recycle/eliminate empty containers in accordance with the local legislation.

Legal basis: Directive 2008/98/EC as amended, 94/62/EC as amended.

Section 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

UN 1840

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ZINC CHLORIDE SOLUTION

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Ω

14.4 Packing group

Ш



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14.5 Environmental hazards

Product is classified as dangerous for the environment according to transport regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for user

Use personal protective equipment specified in section 8.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

ADR Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

IMDG Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.

IATA The International Air Transport Association regulations.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC as amended.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended.

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives as amended.

European Parliament and Council Directive 94/62/EC of 20 December 1994 on packaging and packaging waste as amended.

Regulation (EU) 2016/425 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on personal protective equipment and repealing Council Directive 89/686/EEC.

Commission Directive 2000/39/EC of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.

Commission Directive 2006/15/EC of 7 February 2006 establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC.

Commission Directive 2009/161/EU of 17 December 2009 establishing a third list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC.

Commission Directive 2017/164/EU of 31 January 2017 establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC, and amending Commission Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC and 2009/161/EU.

Commission Directive 2019/1831/EU of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

The chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

Section 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance



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vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative substance

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1Hazardous to the aquatic environment, category 1

Skin Corr. 1B Skin corrosion/irritation, category 1B

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, category 3

Eye Dam. 1 Eye damage category 1

Trainings

Before commencing work with the product, the user should learn the Health & Safety regulations, regarding handling chemicals, and in particular, undergo a proper workplace training. People associated with the transport of hazardous materials according to ADR should be adequately trained to perform their duties (general training, bench and safety).

Key literature references and data sources

This SDS was prepared on the basis of producer's data as well as our knowledge and experience, taking into account current legislation.

Classification and procedures used to classify the mixture in accordance with Reg. EC 1272/2008 as amended

The card was developed on the basis of information provided by the producer and possessed knowledge and experience, taking into account current legal regulations.

Additional information

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Changes: sections 1, 2, 3, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16.

Safety Data Sheet made by: "THETA" Consulting Sp. z o.o.

The information above is based on a current available data concerning the product, but also on the experience and knowledge in this field of the producer. They are neither a quality description of the product nor a guarantee of particular features. They are to be treated as aid to safety in transport, storage and usage of the product. That does not free the user from the responsibility of improper usage of the information above and also of improper compliance with the law norms in the field.